



Year 5 Knowledge Organiser RE Summer Term 2

What I should already know?

- That people have different ideas and believe different things and that these are of equal value in British law
- That beliefs with deities are known as religions
- That people who believe the same thing often organise themselves into groups with spiritual leaders
- That religious groups have rituals and practices, which are specific and sometimes unique to their religion
- That religious groups often have special buildings in which they meet to worship
- That people with the same beliefs form and belong to groups and communities (Belonging Unit)
- That religious groups often have special sacred books which they use in their worship and that these sacred writings often form the basis of their beliefs - these religious beliefs are regarded as the truth by believers.
- That the main religion in Britain is Christianity but that are also many religious groups in our society such as Muslims and Sikhs.

What will I know by the end of the unit?

- That “peace” is a feeling of contentment rather than an atmosphere in a place.
- That the word Islam means ‘Peace’.
- That Muslims have Five Pillars of Faith which they believe if they follow them, will bring them a sense of peace.
- That the 5 pillars of Islam are: Shahada, (Declaration of faith whispered into a baby’s ear at birth) Salah (Daily Prayer) Zakat, (charity), Sawm (Fasting during the festival of Ramadan) and Hajj, (Pilgrimage).
- That Muslims have an annual festival called Ramadan during which adults fast during the hours of daylight.
- That Ramadan happens at different times of the year according to the Muslim calendar.
- That at the end of Ramadan there is a celebration called Eid al-Fitr.
- Ramadan and Eid al-Fitr are celebrated by Muslims all over the world including in the UK.
- That the Muslim word for God is Allah.

Vocabulary

Peace
Eid al-Fitr
Zakah or sadaqah (Charity)
Islam
Hajj
Muslim
deed
Ramadan
hostile
Qur’an
Mohammed (pbuh)*
Angel Jibril (Angel Gabriel)
Allah
Barakah (blessing)
Five Pillars
Shahadah
Salah
Sawm
Polo/Nautica (Fashion Brands)
As-salamu alaykum (Peace be upon you).

Teaching Outcomes

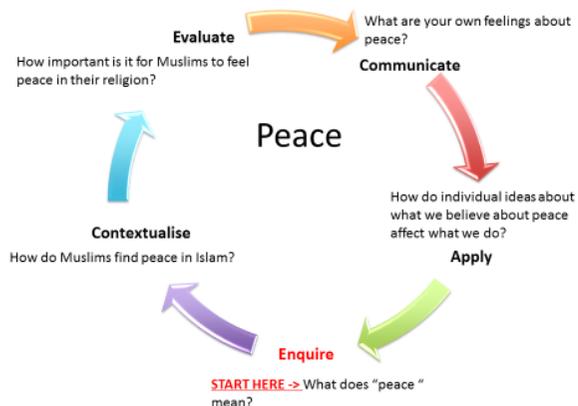
Find /draw an image, which for them evokes peace, and explain what it is about the image, which makes them feel peaceful.

Write a rap, a song or a poem about peace and perform it.

Answer questions about a video clip about Ramadan.

Write a diary entry for the last day of Ramadan.

Create a class list – when to feel peaceful/when not to feel peaceful.



Key Knowledge

The word Islam means ‘Peace’.

That Muslims have Five Pillars of Faith and they believe following these will bring a sense of peace.

These 5 pillars are: Shahada, (Declaration of faith whispered into a baby’s ear at birth) Salah (Daily Prayer) Zakat, (charity), Sawm (Fasting during the festival of Ramadan) and Hajj, (Pilgrimage).

Muslims have an annual festival called Ramadan during which adults fast in the hours of daylight.

Ramadan happens at different times of the year according to the Muslim calendar.

At the end of Ramadan there is a celebration called Eid al-Fitr.

Ramadan and Eid a- Fitr are celebrated by Muslims all over the world including in the UK.

The Muslim word for God is Allah.

Investigate!

Explore the meaning of the word “peace”.

Find what happens when a Muslim celebrates the festival of Eid al-Fitr.

Find what happens when a Muslim takes part in Ramadan. (Fourth pillar of Islam).

Examine how important taking part in Ramadan is in enabling Muslims to feel at “peace”.

Explore the fourth pillar of Islam called Sawm (Fasting during Ramadan).

Explore situations in which we might find peace for ourselves and how these might affect others and ourselves.